

NCI

National  
Clinical  
Trials  
Network

# EA6244

ECOG-ACRIN  
cancer research group

**Please Enroll  
Your Eligible  
Patients!**

## For Elderly Patients with Newly Diagnosed Melanoma

### EA6244 Available Through ECOG-ACRIN Cancer Research Group

A Randomized Phase III Study of Management of Treatment Naive Primary Melanoma  
in Elderly Patients

#### Patient Population

See protocol Section 3 for complete eligibility criteria

- Age  $\geq$  75 years and ECOG PS 0-2
- Must have newly diagnosed primary cutaneous melanoma with wide local excision (WLE) and sentinel lymph node (SLN) biopsy indicated per treating physician, pending definitive surgical management; for WLE and SLN to be indicated, must have either:
  - ◇ Pathological features that include  $\geq$  Breslow 0.8 mm OR Breslow  $<$  0.8 mm determined at initial biopsy, with a positive margin, ulceration, lymphovascular invasion, perineural invasion or  $>$  1 mitosis/mm<sup>2</sup> *or*
  - ◇ Risk of SLN metastasis  $\geq$  5% per MIA Sentinel Node Metastasis Prediction Tool
- Must be eligible for WLE and SLN biopsy
  - ◇ Patients for whom SLN biopsy would be contraindicated, difficult to perform, or impossible are not eligible
- Must be eligible for surgery and not have uncontrolled medical condition that precludes surgical management
- Must not have active infection that precludes enrollment
- HIV-infected patients on effective anti-retroviral therapy with undetectable viral load  $\leq$  6 months prior to randomization are eligible
- Must not have a prior or concurrent malignancy whose natural history or treatment has the potential to interfere with safety or efficacy assessment of this trial
- Patients with known history or current symptoms of cardiac disease, or history of treatment with cardiotoxic agents, must be NYHA Functional Classification class 2B or better
- Must be English-speaking

Note: Co-enrollment is permitted on a case-by-case basis

#### Treatment Plan

See protocol Section 5 for complete treatment details

- Patients must complete PROs after consent and prior to randomization
- If a patient undergoes complete lymph node dissection after a positive sentinel lymph node biopsy, they are considered unevaluable. If a patient subsequently undergoes therapeutic (complete) lymph node dissection at nodal basin recurrence, they will remain on study for long-term follow up
- Assigned surgical intervention must occur  $\leq$  45 days after randomization
  - ◇ Delays due to unforeseen illness or hospitalization must not exceed additional 21 days

#### Arm A: Standard of Care

- WLE and SLN biopsy
- Nodal basin surveillance for patients who are node-positive, utilizing US or CT per institutional/physician preference
  - ◇ If node-negative, surveillance may be done per physician preference

#### Arm B: De-escalated Arm

- WLE only
- Nodal basin surveillance (modality per physician preference)

#### Adjuvant Therapy (Arms A & B)

- After surgery, patients may receive any adjuvant therapy, if clinically indicated, per physician discretion
  - ◇ Includes SOC and investigational regimens
- Dose interruptions, delays, and discontinuation of adjuvant therapy regimen are allowed and will follow institutional guidelines

**Study Chair:**  
Yana Najjar, MD

**Study Co-Chair:**  
Rino Seedor, MD

**NCTN Study  
Champions:**

•Alliance: Danielle Bello,  
MD

•SWOG: Vincent Ma, MD

### Patient Enrollment (Oncology Patient Enrollment Network [OPEN])



<https://open.ctsu.org/open>



1-888-823-5923

### Protocol Information (ECOG-ACRIN Operations – Boston)

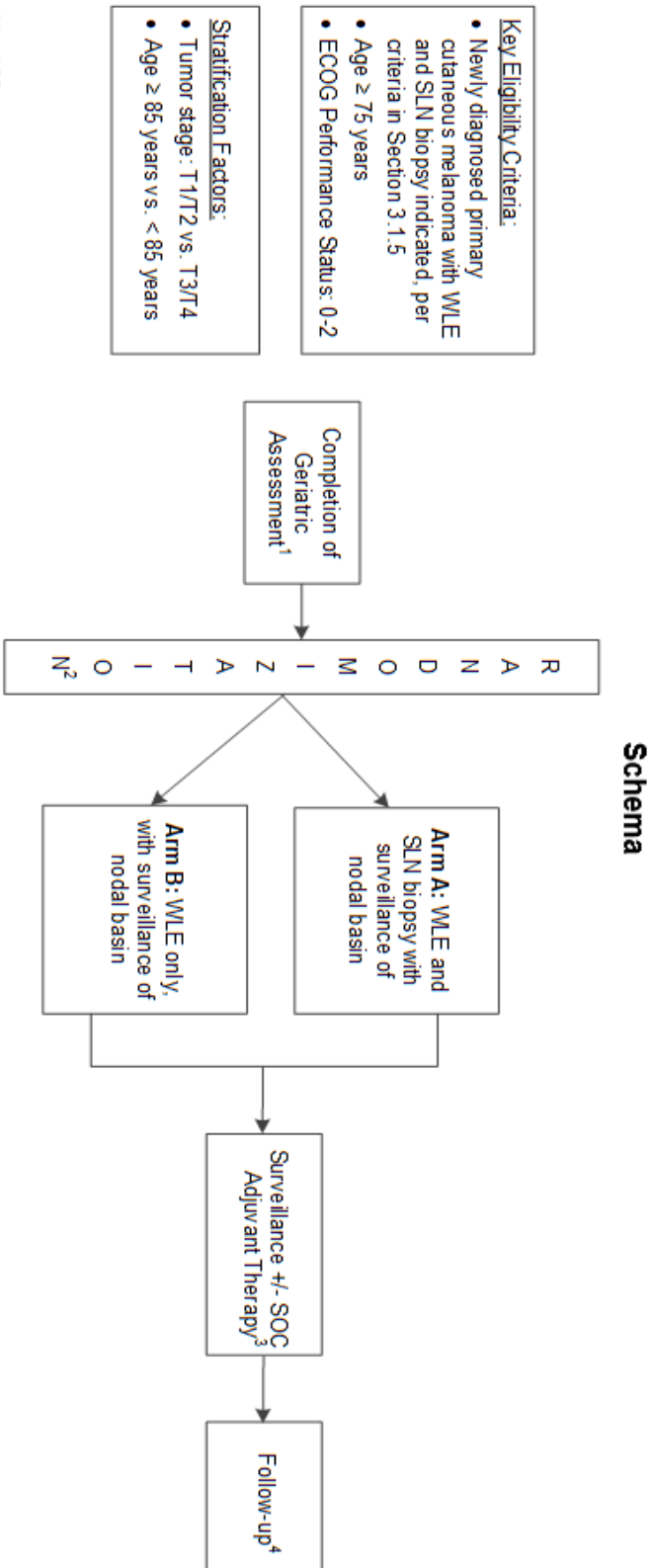


<http://ecog-acrin.org> (Member Login)



1-857-504-2900

# EA6244



N = 428

Randomization 1:1

- The Geriatric Assessment must be administered after consent but prior to randomization. See Section 7.2 and Appendix II for instructions on accessing and administering the measures.
- Assigned surgical intervention must occur within 45 calendar days after randomization. Delayed start of treatment due to unforeseen illness or hospitalization must not exceed an additional 21 days.
- Surveillance visits will occur every 4 months (+/- 6 weeks) for the first 2 years post-randomization. Patients may receive adjuvant therapy if clinically indicated, at the investigator's discretion. Any adjuvant therapies are allowed, including both standard of care and investigational. Requirements for co-enrollment are outlined in Section 5.1.3.
- Follow-up visits will occur every 6 months (+/- 6 weeks) from years 2-5, or after progression if it occurs prior to year 2, for a total of 5 years from randomization.